# **Thick Film Chip Resistors / Low Resistance Type**

ERJ R, B: 0402, 0603, 0805, 1206, 1210, 1812, 2512 ERJ L : 0603, 0805, 1206, 1210, 1812, 2010, 2512

Type: ERJ 2B, 3R, 3B, 6R, 6B, 8R, 8B,

14R, 14B, 12R, 1TR

ERJ L03, L06, L08, L14, L12, L1D, L1W



810

R10

### ■ Features

- Small size and lightweight
- High reliability

Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes

- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Low Resistance Value

2B Type : 0.047  $\Omega$  to 1.0  $\Omega$ 

3R, 3B, 6R, 6B, 8R, 8B, 14R, 14B, 12R, 1TR Type : 0.1  $\Omega$  to 9.1  $\Omega$ 

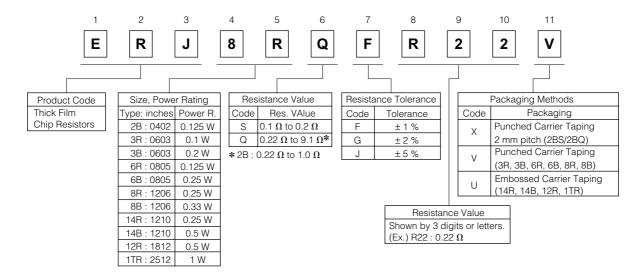
L03, L06, L08 Type : 47 m $\Omega$  to 100 m $\Omega$  L14, L12 Type : 20 m $\Omega$  to 100 m $\Omega$  L1D, L1W Type : 40 m $\Omega$  to 100 m $\Omega$ 

Reference Standards

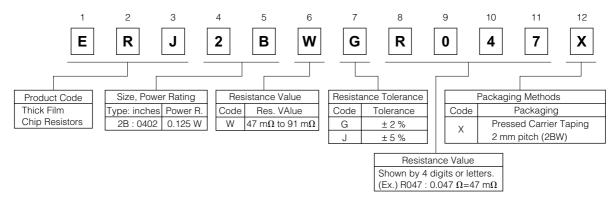
IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8

### ■ Explanation of Part Numbers

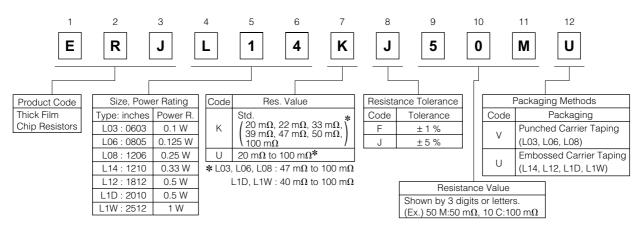
● ERJ2BS/2BQ, 3R, 3B, 6R, 6B, 8R, 8B, 14R, 14B, 12R, 1TR Series



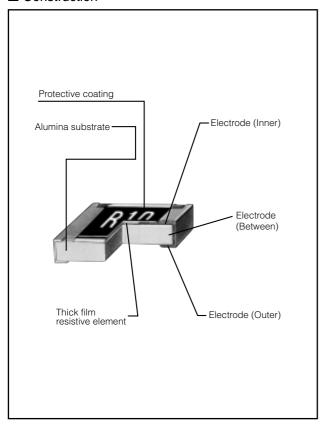
### ERJ2BW Series



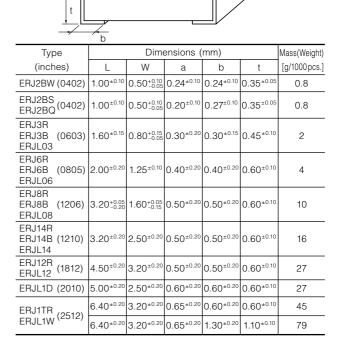
### • ERJL03, L06, L08, L14, L12, L1D, L1W Series



### ■ Construction



### ■ Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



# **Panasonic**

# ■ Ratings

### <Low resistance type>

Type (inches)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range ( $\Omega$ )	T.C.R. [×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C (ppm/°C)]	Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range) (°C)
ERJL03 (0603)	0.1 (0.2) *1	±1, ±5	47 m to 100 m *2	±200	-55 to +125
ERJL06 (0805)	0.125 (0.25) *1	±1,±5	47 m to 100 m *2	±100	-55 to +125
ERJL08 (1206)	0.25 (0.33) *1	±1, ±5	47 m to 100 m *2	±100	-55 to +125
ERJL14 (1210)	0.33	±1, ±5	20 m to 100 m *2		-55 to +125
ERJL12 (1812)	0.5	±1, ±5	20 m to 100 m *2	R<47 mΩ:±300	-55 to +125
ERJL1D (2010)	0.5	±1, ±5	40 m to 100 m *2	R≧47 mΩ:±100	-55 to +125
ERJL1W (2512)	1	±1, ±5	40 m to 100 m *2		-55 to +125

**<sup>\*1</sup>** Please contact us when resistors with guaranteed high power are needed.

### <High power type>

Type (inches)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range ( $\Omega$ )	T.C.R. [x10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C (ppm/°C)]	Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range) (°C)
ERJ2BW (0402) ERJ2BS (0402)	0.125	±2, ±5	0.047 to 0.091 (E24) 0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300	-55 to +125
ERJ2BQ (0402)		±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 1.0 (E24)	±250	
ERJ3BS (0603)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300	
ERJ3BQ (0603)	0.2	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24) 1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200	−55 to +125
ERJ6BS (0805)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250	
ERJ6BQ (0805)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200	
ERJ8BS (1206)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250	
ERJ8BQ (1206)	0.33	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200	
ERJ14BS (1210)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200	
ERJ14BQ (1210)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100	

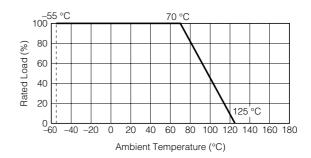
# <Standard type>

Type (inches)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. [×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C (ppm/°C)]	Category Temperature Range (Operating Temperature Range) (°C)
ERJ3RS (0603)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300	
ERJ3RQ (0603)	0.1	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24) 0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200	
ERJ6RS (0805)	0.125	±1, ±2, ±5	0.10 to 0.20 (E24) 0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±250	-55 to +125
ERJ6RQ (0805)	0.123	±1, ±2, ±3	1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200	-55 t0 +125
ERJ8RS (1206)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)		
ERJ8RQ (1206)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±250	-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200	
ERJ14RS (1210)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200	
ERJ14RQ (1210)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±200	-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100	
ERJ12RS (1812)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200	
ERJ12RQ (1812)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±200	-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100	
ERJ1TRS (2512)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200	
ERJ1TRQ (2512)	1	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	1200	-55 to +125
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100	

<sup>\*2</sup> Standard R.V. :  $20~m\Omega$ ,  $22~m\Omega$ ,  $33~m\Omega$ ,  $39~m\Omega$ ,  $47~m\Omega$ ,  $50~m\Omega$ ,  $100~m\Omega$ , Custom R.V. : Each  $1~m\Omega$  within upper range.

### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.

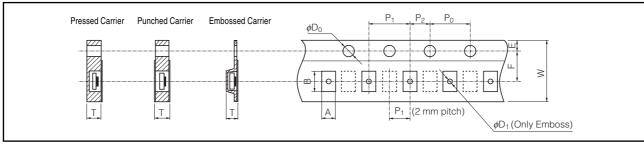


# ■ Packaging Methods (Taping)

# Standard Quantity

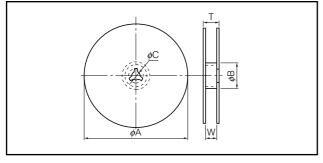
Type	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P <sub>1</sub> )	Quantity		
ERJ2BW	Pressed Carrier Taping	2 mm	10000 pag /ragl		
ERJ2BS, 2BQ		2 111111	10000 pcs./reel		
ERJ3R, 3B, L03	Punched Carrier Taping				
ERJ6R, 6B, L06					
ERJ8R, 8B, L08			5000 pag /rool		
ERJ14R, 14B, L14		4 mm	5000 pcs./reel		
ERJ12R, L12		4 111111			
ERJL1D	Embossed Carrier Taping				
ERJ1TR			4000 pcs./reel		
ERJL1W			3000 pcs./reel		

● Carrier Tape (Unit:mm)



Туре	А	В	W	F	Е	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>0</sub>	$\phi D_0$	Т	$\phi D_1$						
ERJ2BW	0.67 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.17 <sup>±0.10</sup>				2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>				0.61 <sup>±0.05</sup>	-						
ERJ2BS, 2BQ	0.67 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.17 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1 3 50±0.05 1			2.00				0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup>	-						
ERJ3R, 3B, L03	1.10 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.90 <sup>±0.05</sup>							0.70 <sup>±0.05</sup>								
ERJ6R, 6B, L06	1.65 <sup>±0.15</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>		3.50	3.50				3.50	3.50	3.50	3.30	3.50				0.84 <sup>±0.05</sup>
ERJ8R, 8B, L08	2.00 <sup>±0.15</sup>	3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>		8.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>		2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50+0.10	0.64							
ERJ14R, 14B, L14	2.80 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	8.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>						4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00	4.00	1.50_0		1.0+0.10			
ERJ12R, L12	3.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	4.80 <sup>±0.20</sup>	12.00 <sup>±0.30</sup> 5.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>						4.00				1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>				
ERJL1D	2.80 <sup>±0.20</sup>	5.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>		10 00+0 30	10 00+0 30						1.00=***	1 5 min					
ERJ1TR	3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	6.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>		5.50							1.5 min.						
ERJL1W	3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	6.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>								1.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>							

# Taping Reel

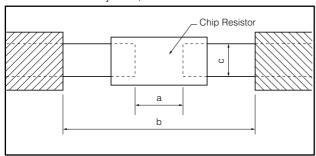


Туре	φA	φB	φC	W	T
ERJ2B					
ERJ3R, 3B, L03					
ERJ6R, 6B, L06				$9.0^{\pm 1.0}$	11.4 <sup>±1.0</sup>
ERJ8R, 8B, L08					
ERJ14R, 14B, L14	180.0+0	60 min.	$13.0^{\pm 1.0}$		
ERJ12R, L12					
ERJL1D				13.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	15.4 <sup>±2.0</sup>
ERJ1TR				13.0	13.4
ERJL1W					

(Unit:mm)

#### ■ Recommended Land Pattern

In case of flow soldering, the land width must be smaller than the Chip Resistor width to control the solder amount properly. Generally, the land width should be 0.7 to 0.8 times (W) of the width of chip resistor. In case of reflow soldering, solder amount can be adjusted, therefore the land width should be set to 1.0 to 1.3 times chip resistor width (W).

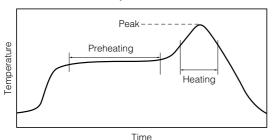


Type (inches)		Dimensions (mm)				
Type (mone	30)	а	b	С		
ERJ2B	(0402)	0.5 to 0.0	6 1.4 to 1.6	0.4 to 0.6		
ERJ3R, 3B, L03	(0603)	0.7 to 0.9	9 2 to 2.2	2 0.8 to 1		
ERJ6R, 6B, L06	(0805)	1 to 1.4	4 3.2 to 3.8	0.9 to 1.4		
ERJ8R, 8B, L08	(1206)	2 to 2.	4 4.4 to 5	1.2 to 1.8		
ERJ14R, 14B, L14	1 (1210)	2 to 2.	4 4.4 to 5	1.8 to 2.8		
ERJ12R, L12	(1812)	3.3 to 3.	7 5.7 to 6.5	5 2.3 to 3.5		
ERJL1D	(2010)	3.6 to 4	6.2 to 7	1.8 to 2.8		
ERJ1TR	(2512)	5 to 5.4	4 7.6 to 8.6	2.3 to 3.5		
ERJL1W	(2512)	3.6 to 4	7.6 to 8.6	2.3 to 3.5		

## ■ Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below.

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- · Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times
- · Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example: Sn/Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 5 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example: Sn/Ag/Cu)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

Recommended soldering conditions for flow

	For so	ldering	For lead-free soldering		
	Temperature Time		Temperature	Time	
Preheating	140 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Soldering	245 ± 5 °C	20 s to 30 s	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s	

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The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the precautions common to Fixed Resistors shown on page ER3 of this catalog.

- 1. Take measures against mechanical stress during and after mounting of Thick Film Chip Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) so as not to damage their electrodes and protective coatings.
- 2. If a transient load (heavy load in a short time) like a pulse is expected to be applied, check and evaluate the operations of the resistors when installed in your products before use.
  - Never exceed the rated power. Otherwise, the performance and/or reliability of the resistors may be impaired.
- 3. Do not use halogen-based or other high-activity flux. Otherwise, the residue may impair the resistors' performance and/or reliability.
- 4. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the resistors' bodies with the tip of the soldering iron. When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
- 5. As the amount of applied solder becomes larger, the mechanical stress applied to the resistors increases, causing problems such as cracks and faulty characteristics. Avoid applying an excessive amount of solder.
- 6. Do not apply shock to the resistors or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, the resistors' protective coatings and bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance.
- 7. Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the resistors from abnormal stress.

# **Panasonic**

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(Common precautions for Fixed Resistors)

- When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written agreement on the specifications with us in advance. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products.
- Install the following systems for a failsafe design to ensure safety if these products are to be used in equipment where a defect in these products may cause the loss of human life or other significant damage, such as damage to vehicles (automobile, train, vessel), traffic lights, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating appliances, combustion/gas equipment, rotating equipment, and disaster/crime prevention equipment.
- \* Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device
- \* Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault

#### (1) Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
  - 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
  - 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
  - 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NO2
  - 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment

These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD).

Please take measures to avoid any of these environments.

Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.

5. Electromagnetic Environment

Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves exist.

- 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation
- 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.

# (2) Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5 °C to 35 °C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

- 1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NO2
- 2. In direct sunlight

### <Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin. In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.